#### 5 Common Mistakes HealthTech Startups Make and

#### How To Avoid Them



#### Learn from the mistakes of others. You can't live long enough to make them all yourself.

#### - Eleanor Roosevelt.

#### **Dr. Thomas Maggs**

Managing Director at Medical Consulting Group.

"Having a clinical background and working with several healthtech startups, I have observed <u>a recurring pattern of common mistakes</u> within the industry.

Luckily, these common mistakes have already been made by many businesses, so learning from their mistakes can help you and your business today."

Medical Consulting Group.



## Mistake 1:

#### Businesses don't know who their end customer will be.



- In the UK, simply stating that you will sell a product or service to the "NHS" is insufficient.
- Many companies have excellent ideas and even demonstrate positive health impacts, but lack a comprehensive understanding of who will pay for their product upon entering the market.
- Waiting until after you have built something is too late because you may discover that while people like it, no one is willing to pay for it.

- Create something that is significant enough to persuade a particular part of the NHS to pay for it.
- If you are replacing a service, find out how long the procurement cycles are and whether other services are tied to the ones you seek to replace.
- If you are selling a product, determine how high up the leadership chain, away from the end-user, you need to go to reach the decision-makers who have access to funds.

 Consider whether you can assist departments in accessing grants or third sector money to pay for your product in the early stages of implementation.

## Mistake 2:

#### Businesses don't know their end-users well enough.

#### Who uses it?

- People often get caught up in the science of a project, but don't understand who exactly will use it.
- Will your product be used by patients, healthcare workers, or a combination of both?
- Does it require sign-off or interpretation of results? Have you factored in the time of those using the product into <u>economic and usability assessments</u>?
- If healthcare workers are involved, don't take their time for granted. Many products require clinician sign-off or interpretation of results, but <u>fail to consider this</u> <u>impact on the system</u>.

It is essential to have a clear understanding of **who will use or interpret** your product.

#### This should include:

- . Their role
- . How they will use the product
- . How long it will take
- . Whether they need training
- Whether they will experience immediate benefit or the benefit is experienced by someone else in the system.

These factors can significantly impact the **uptake and scalability** of a new product, making **planning**, **building**, and **selling** the product much more manageable.

## Mistake 3:

Businesses need to know the intended use of their products

#### What does it do?

- It's crucial for businesses to determine their intended use, especially for products that may be interpreted as medical devices.
  - (Hint: Most digital health products are.)
- Early clarity on intended use can significantly affect how you'll be regulated and could mean the difference between <u>self-regulation</u> and a <u>lengthy regulatory</u> submission process <u>lasting 2-3 years</u>.

. To avoid potential complications, it's wise to consult with a regulatory specialist as soon as possible.

- . This could save you **considerable time and money**, from £10,000 up to > £100,000.
- . Moreover, if you're operating in a new or specialised area, don't hesitate to seek multiple opinions from specialists.

. They may provide differing insights that could significantly impact your business model and development timelines.

#### Mistake 4:

Businesses lose sight of who else is in the market.

#### What's out there?

- To avoid getting too focused on their own research and development, businesses should stay informed about the market they are in.
- This includes keeping track of competitors, their products, any new up-to-date evidence or studies, and regulatory approval achievements.
- . This knowledge can have a significant impact on a business's decision-making process.

- Businesses should maintain a document listing current and potential competitors, and assign someone on the team to regularly update it, preferably on a monthly basis, but at least quarterly.
- It's important to not only monitor domestic competitors, but also keep an eye on foreign markets, as different health and regulatory systems can facilitate faster product development, providing valuable lessons for businesses.

## Mistake 5:

5.

# People are worried to talk to others, particularly about mistakes.

#### How do we learn?

- Many people are hesitant to discuss their mistakes, which can hinder their ability to learn and improve.
- Unfortunately, many companies facing similar challenges fail to share their learnings (or choose not to), resulting in a waste of resources.
- Whether it's navigating regulatory environments, procurement processes, international expansion, or clinician adoption, the healthtech market follows
  a pattern of repeatable events.
- . Even seemingly different products can encounter the same obstacles, such as difficulties with data sharing or finding academic support in foreign countries.

- Consider reaching out to other businesses that have faced similar challenges.
- These companies don't need to be direct competitors, but rather, they can be in a different specialty and use similar technology or sell to similar procurement teams.
- When networking at events, don't just focus on success stories. Ask other professionals about their failures and be willing to share your own experiences.
- By collaborating and sharing information, businesses can support each other in a constructive and collegiate way.

## Hope you all found this helpful!



#### This is part of a series to help HealthTech founders access better resources for their projects.

Just our small way of trying to help!